Appendix A3

Assurance Summary

Scheme Details

| | | | | L |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Project Name | D0029 Bus Shelters | Type of funding | Grant | 9 |
| Grant Recipient | SYPTE | Total Scheme Cost | £1,117,253 | |
| MCA Executive Board | TEB | MCA Funding | £1,117,253 | |
| Programme name | Gainshare | % MCA Allocation | 100% | |

Appraisal Summary

| Project Description | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Is it clear what the MCA is being | asked to fund? |
| Yes. Replacement of 148 dilapida | |
| | |
| | |
| Strategic Case | |
| Scheme Rationale | Does the scheme have a clearly stated rationale and provide a strong justification for public funding? |
| | Yes, to fulfil the Mayor's pledge in the Transport Strategy <i>"to ensure people feel safe when they travel and invest in our streets to make them more attractive places"</i> Yes – the responsibility for shelters has always rested with SYPTE and this is essentially a capital renewal scheme. |
| Strategic policy fit | How well does the scheme align with the strategic objectives of the SEP and RAP? |
| | Well aligned – especially re access to employment, Fairer and Greener. |
| | |
| Contribution to Carbon Net | Does this scheme align with the strategic objective to achieve Carbon Net Zero? |
| Zero | Implicitly, although there is no quantification/monetisation of this impact |
| SMART scheme objectives | State the SMART scheme objective as presented in the business case. |
| - | No commitment to measuring outcomes against objectives is made |
| | In these a (and the edge of the strategies of institutes (and 2.0) and the explores of institutes (and 2.0)? |
| | Is there a 'golden thread' between the strategic objectives (see 3.2) and the scheme objectives (see 3.8)? No |
| | |
| Options assessment | Is there a genuine Options assessment and is there a clear rationale for the selection of short-listed options and the choice of the Preferred Way Forward? |
| | Yes, partially . The decision to have bus shelters is part and parcel of the decision to provide bus services and this is a proposal to replace facilities that are not performing as required, such that to not replace/renew them would tangibly worsen the service, although no analysis of actual demand for these particular shelters is given in quantified terms. It is stated that many more are needed (Option 4), so this will not by itself provide a complete solution to the problem. |



| | tory requirements and se consequences | No Are there a | any adverse c | | <i>olved by the scheme promoter?</i> considered by the promoter before installation. | |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| Value | for Money | | | | | |
| | monetised Benefits | [Core BCR None calc | ? – <i>table 4.22]</i> ulated | | Non-monetised and wider economic benefits | [Values/description – supplementary form] None provided other than "Customers will be presented with a better customer offer" (p9) |
| achiev Unkno continu actions The as | r view do the key assumption ring the value for money? Dwn . The risks once the unit ues to drop in line with trend is elsewhere to promote and assumption is made that the of Feb 2022. Discussions hav | is are installed ls prior to the support publi contractor (DS | d is that patro pandemic. Th c transport. SL) can make | nage at these stops is is being mitigated by | Do the key assumptions and uncertainties present the value for money? Unknown. There is no doubt that shelters provide security, but whether they will be sufficient to retain service is another question. The importance of the however, so that not renewing them when due would that they will not be used would normally be avoided the PTE's area of expertise. | users with basic comfort and some n/improve other aspects of bus m to users is well established uld be viewed adversely. The risks |
| | for Money Statement | | | | · · · · | |
| Taking Yes | g into consideration the mon | etised and no | n-monetised | benefits and costs, does the | scheme represent good value for money? | |
| Risk | | | | | | |
| This is | provided in section 6.8. Cle | early it is cons ber, the units Likelihood (High, | idered by the | these risks are being mitigat promoter that there are no ris ivered in time for the funding | sks at all other than delays due to the Assurance pro | ocess. There must also be risk that Owner |
| | | Med, Low) | Low) | | | |
| 1 | Conditions of Gainshare funding dictates delivery by 31st March 2022 and therefore could place funding at risk. | Н | М | SYPTE are working through the MCA assurance process as quickly as possible to mitigate risk. Relevant contractors have also been made aware of the need for products and services, however, are unable to commence manufacture until orders are raised with a required lead time of 3 months. | | Steve Mumford / Jim Coe |
| | The Mayoral Combined Authority has an | | | | | |

| 3 | Adverse public and political reaction to non- achievement of delivery project delivery within timescales. | н | М | SYPTE are working through the MCA assurance process as quickly as possible to mitigate risk. Relevant contractors have also been made aware of the need for products and services, however, are unable to commence manufacture until orders are raised with a required lead time of 3 months. | Steve Mumford / Jim Coe |
|--|---|----------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | significant risks require any | | | | |
| | | | | nerge in producing the new shelters and delivering them within the available time | е. |
| | ere any significant risks asso | ociated with s | ecuring the fu | Ill funding of the scheme? | |
| - | 00% Gainshare | | | | |
| | | | ed in relation | to the procurement strategy? | |
| | he existing contract to be ex | liended. | | | |
| In Is the i | timetable for delivery reason | able and has | the promote | r identified opportunities for acceleration? | |
| Yes | | | | identified opportunities for acceleration? | |
| | procurement strategy clear v | with defined n | nilestones? | | |
| Yes | | | | | |
| What i | What is the level of cost certainty and is this sufficient at this stage of the assurance process? Has the promoter confirmed they will cover any cost overruns without reducing the | | | | |
| benefits of the scheme? | | | | | |
| | 100% | | | | |
| | Has the promoter demonstrated clear project governance and identified the SRO? | | | | |
| | n organogram is provided | 0.0 | a called a la secto | | |
| | e SRO or other appropriate | Officer signed | a of this busi | less case? | |
| | No | | | | |
| | Has public consultation taken place and if so, is there public support for the scheme? Yes - the Mayor's Bus Review 2019 identified this problem but specific locations have not been consulted on | | | | |
| Are monitoring and evaluation procedures in place? | | | | | |
| No | | | | | |
| Legal | | | | | |
| Has th | Has the scheme considered Subsidy Control compliance or does the promotor still need to seek legal advice? | | | | |
| | Not clearly – but it is unlikely that the subsidy to any person is involved as the goods to be provided are for the benefit of the public generally. | | | | |

Recommendation and Conditions

| Recommendation | Proceed to Contract | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Payment Basis | Defrayal | | |
| Conditions of Award (including clawback clauses) | | | |
| Conditions in contract – | | | |
| Standard clawback | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |